

Move Fast and Break Everything

Testing major changes to a core component
of GNOME

Sam Thursfield
GUADEC 2020



Move Fast and Break Everything

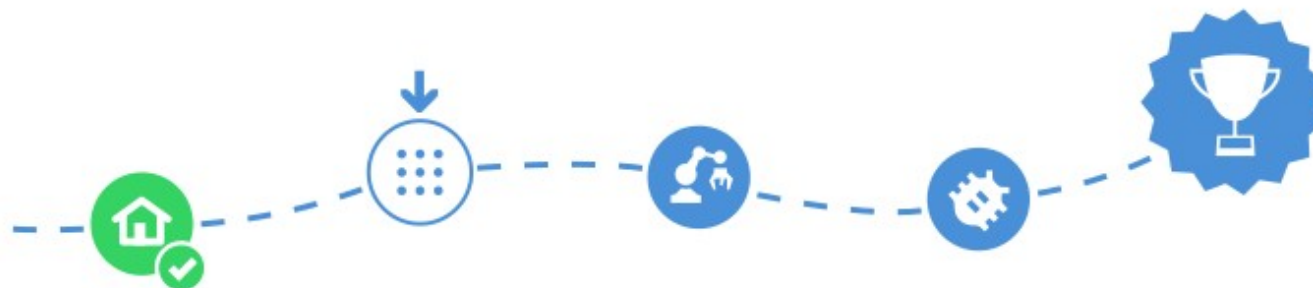
Part 1. Get to know your daemons

Why does GNOME provide system services?

Part 2. Learn to control them

Testing changes to the Tracker search engine





Choose a Project

GNOME has got hundreds of projects. To make it easier for you to get started, we have highlighted the applications which are great starting points for making your first contribution.



[Polari](#) ([#polari](#))

An easy to use IRC client, written in Javascript

Project complexity: Simple

Code: <https://gitlab.gnome.org/GNOME/polari.git>

Mentors: [Bastian Ilso](#) (bastianilso), [Florian Müllner](#) (fmuellner)



[Games](#) ([#gnome-games](#))

Game manager for your retro and Steam games, written in Vala

Project complexity: Medium

Code: <https://gitlab.gnome.org/GNOME/gnome-games.git>

Mentors: [Alexander Mikhaylenko](#) (exalm)



[Maps](#) ([#gnome-maps](#))

A simple map application, written in Javascript.

Project complexity: Simple

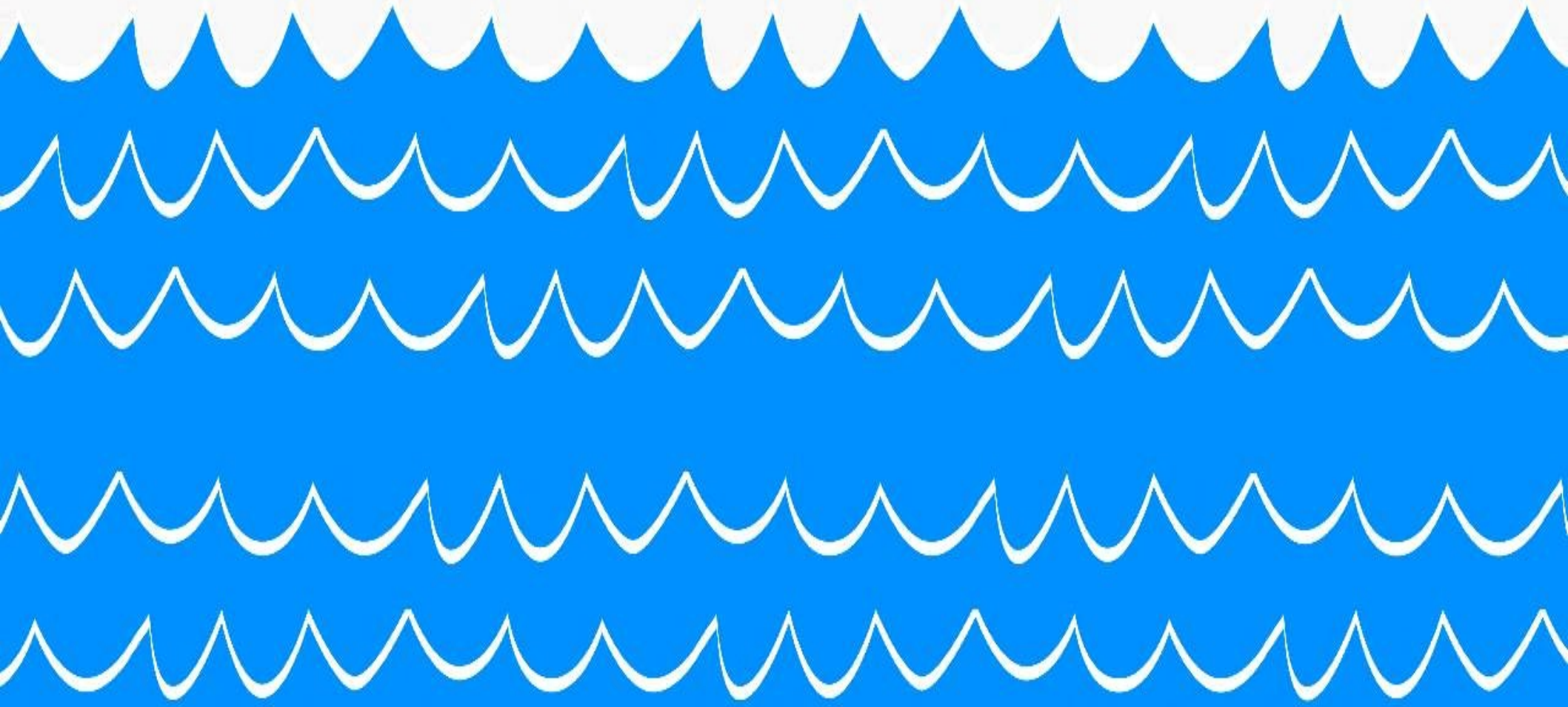
Code: <https://gitlab.gnome.org/GNOME/gnome-maps>

Mentors: [Jonas Danielsson](#) (jonasdn), [Marcus Lundblad](#) (marcus), [Amisha Singla](#) (amisha)



GNOME™

What is it?



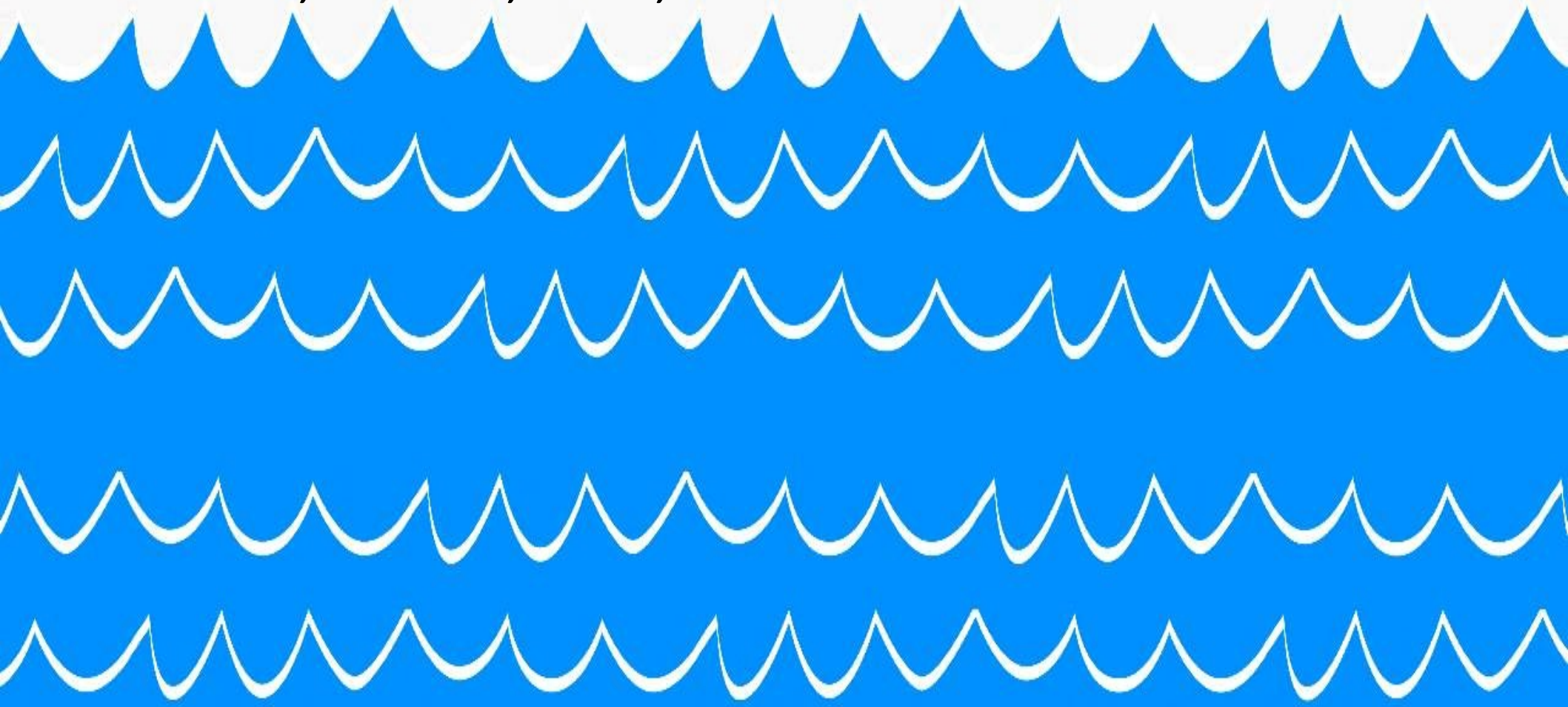
Part 1. Get to know your daemons



Apps

Music, Photos, Web, ...

Shell





Apps

Music, Photos, Web, ...

Shell



Part 1. Get to know your daemons



Apps

Music, Photos, Web, ...

Shell

Libraries

GStreamer

GTK

PyGObject

libnotify

WebKitGTK

...and 100s more...

Services

dconf

evolution-data-server

NetworkManager

GNOME Keyring

Tracker

upower

...and 10s more...

System services

- May manage hardware, or a data store
- Communicate over D-Bus, or by a socket
- Apps access them directly or with a helper library



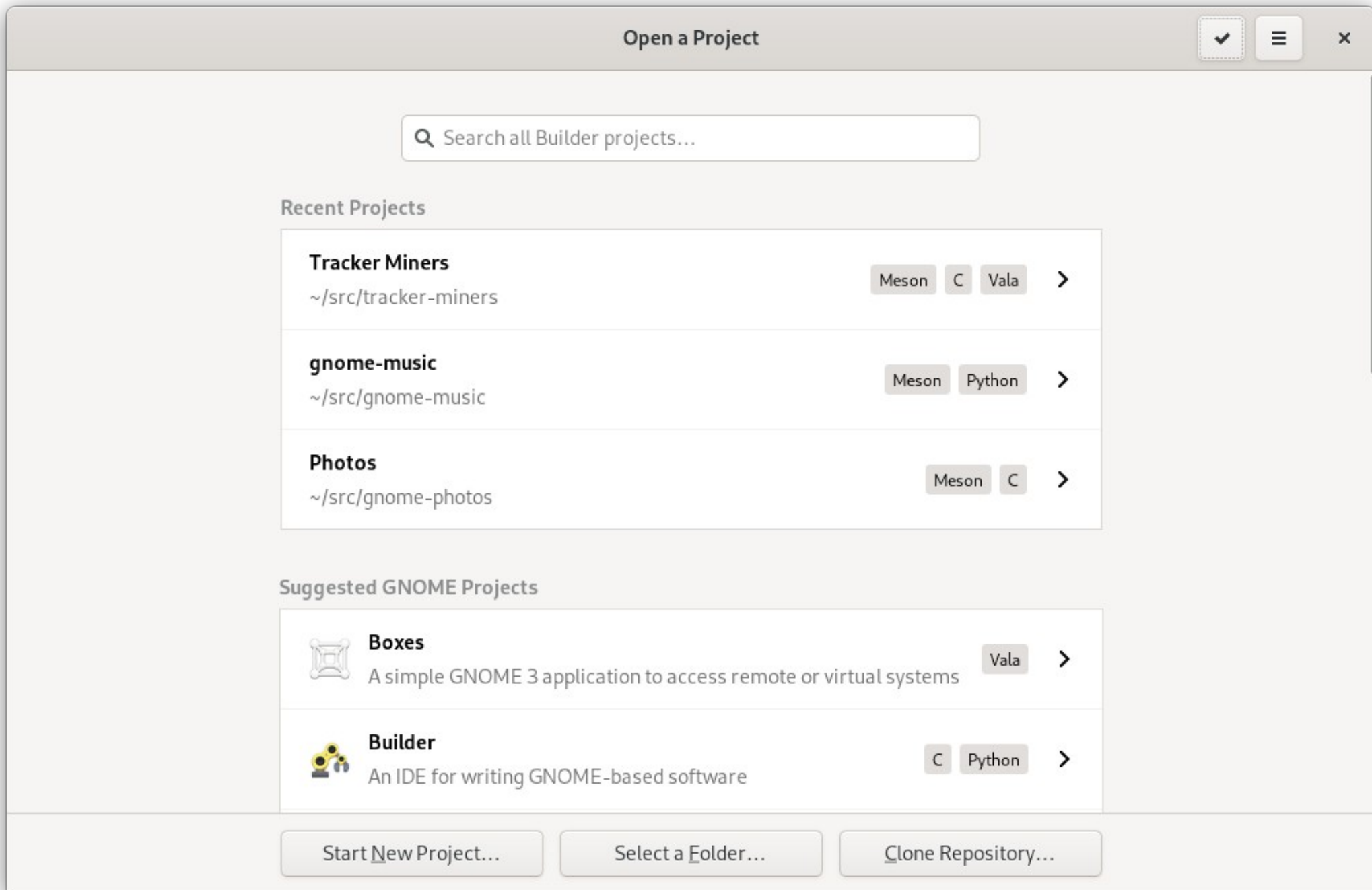
“Anything that wants to be running as a system service in combination with any kind of sandboxing system must have a protocol that is ABI stable and backwards compatible.”

Try this at home: pstree

```
systemd—ModemManager—2*[{ModemManager}]
—NetworkManager—2*[{NetworkManager}]
—abrt-dbus—2*[{abrt-dbus}]
—3*[abrt-dump-journ]
—abrt-d—2*[{abrt-d}]
—accounts-daemon—2*[{accounts-daemon}]
—alsactl
—auditd—sedispatch
—2*[{auditd}]
—avahi-daemon—avahi-daemon
—colord—2*[{colord}]
—crond
—cupsd
—dbus-broker-lau—dbus-broker
—2*[dnsmasq—dnsmasq]
—earlyoom
—firewalld—{firewalld}
```

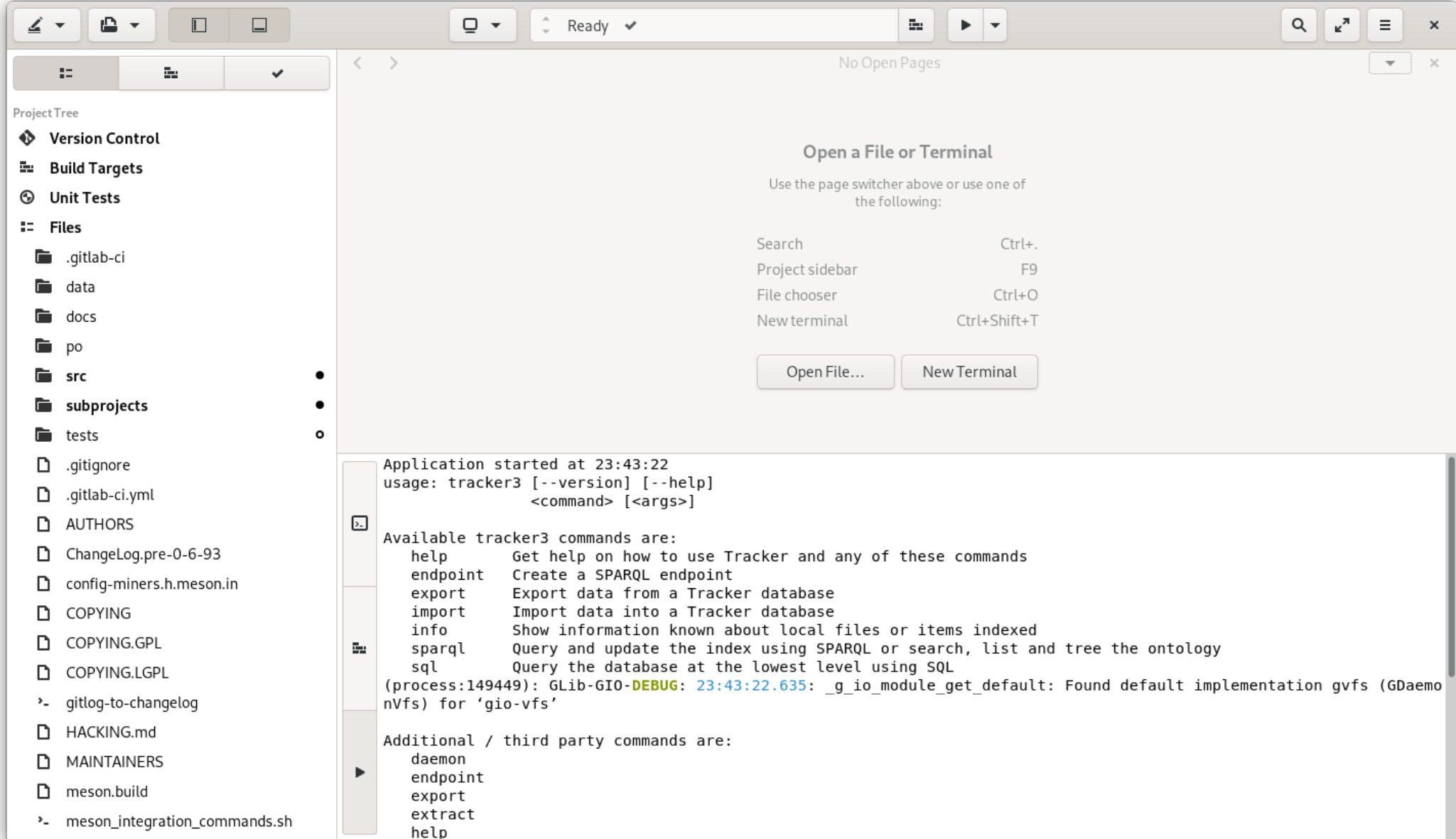
Part 2: Control your daemons ...or better yet, hack on them.





Part 2. Control your daemons

Building and running Tracker with GNOME Builder



The screenshot shows the GNOME Builder IDE interface. On the left is the Project Tree, and on the right is the main workspace. Below the workspace is a terminal window.

Project Tree:

- Version Control
- Build Targets
- Unit Tests
- Files
 - .gitlab-ci
 - data
 - docs
 - po
 - src
 - subprojects
 - tests
- .gitignore
- .gitlab-ci.yml
- AUTHORS
- ChangeLog.pre-0-6-93
- config-miners.h.meson.in
- COPYING
- COPYING.GPL
- COPYING.LGPL
- gitlog-to-changelog
- HACKING.md
- MAINTAINERS
- meson.build
- meson_integration_commands.sh

Terminal Output:

```
Application started at 23:43:22
usage: tracker3 [--version] [--help]
       <command> [<args>]

Available tracker3 commands are:
  help      Get help on how to use Tracker and any of these commands
  endpoint  Create a SPARQL endpoint
  export    Export data from a Tracker database
  import    Import data into a Tracker database
  info      Show information known about local files or items indexed
  sparql    Query and update the index using SPARQL or search, list and tree the ontology
  sql       Query the database at the lowest level using SQL
(process:149449): GLib-GIO-DEBUG: 23:43:22.635: _g_io_module_get_default: Found default implementation gvfs (GDaemo
nVfs) for 'gio-vfs'

Additional / third party commands are:
  daemon
  endpoint
  export
  extract
  help
```

Part 2. Control your daemons

Running an automated test

Running test "miner-basic"...

No Open Pages

Open a File or Terminal

Use the page switcher above or use one of the following:

Search	Ctrl+.
Project sidebar	F9
File chooser	Ctrl+O
New terminal	Ctrl+Shift+T

Open File... New Terminal

Project Tree

- tracker-miners:miner
- tracker-miners:extract
- tracker-miners:extractor
- tracker-miners:functional
- miner-basic**
- miner-resource-removal
- fts-basic
- fts-file-operations
- fts-stopwords
- extractor-decorator
- extractor-flac-cuesheet
- writeback-images
- writeback-audio

Files

- .gitlab-ci
- data
- docs
- po
- src
- subprojects
- tests
- .gitignore
- .gitlab-ci.yml
- AUTHORS

```
Copy a file between monitored directories ... ok
test_05_move_from_unmonitored_to_monitored (__main__.MinerCrawlTest)
Move a file from unmonitored to monitored directory ... skipped 'https://gitlab.gnome.org/GNOME/tracker-miners/
issues/56'
test_06_move_from_monitored_to_unmonitored (__main__.MinerCrawlTest)
Move a file from monitored to unmonitored directory ... ok
test_07_move_from_monitored_to_monitored (__main__.MinerCrawlTest)
Move a file between monitored directories ... ok
test_08_deletion_single_file (__main__.MinerCrawlTest)
Delete one of the files ... ok
test_09_deletion_directory (__main__.MinerCrawlTest)
Delete a directory ... ok
test_10_folder_update (__main__.MinerCrawlTest)
Check that updating a folder updates nfo:belongsToContainer on its children ... ok

-----
Ran 10 tests in 61.110s

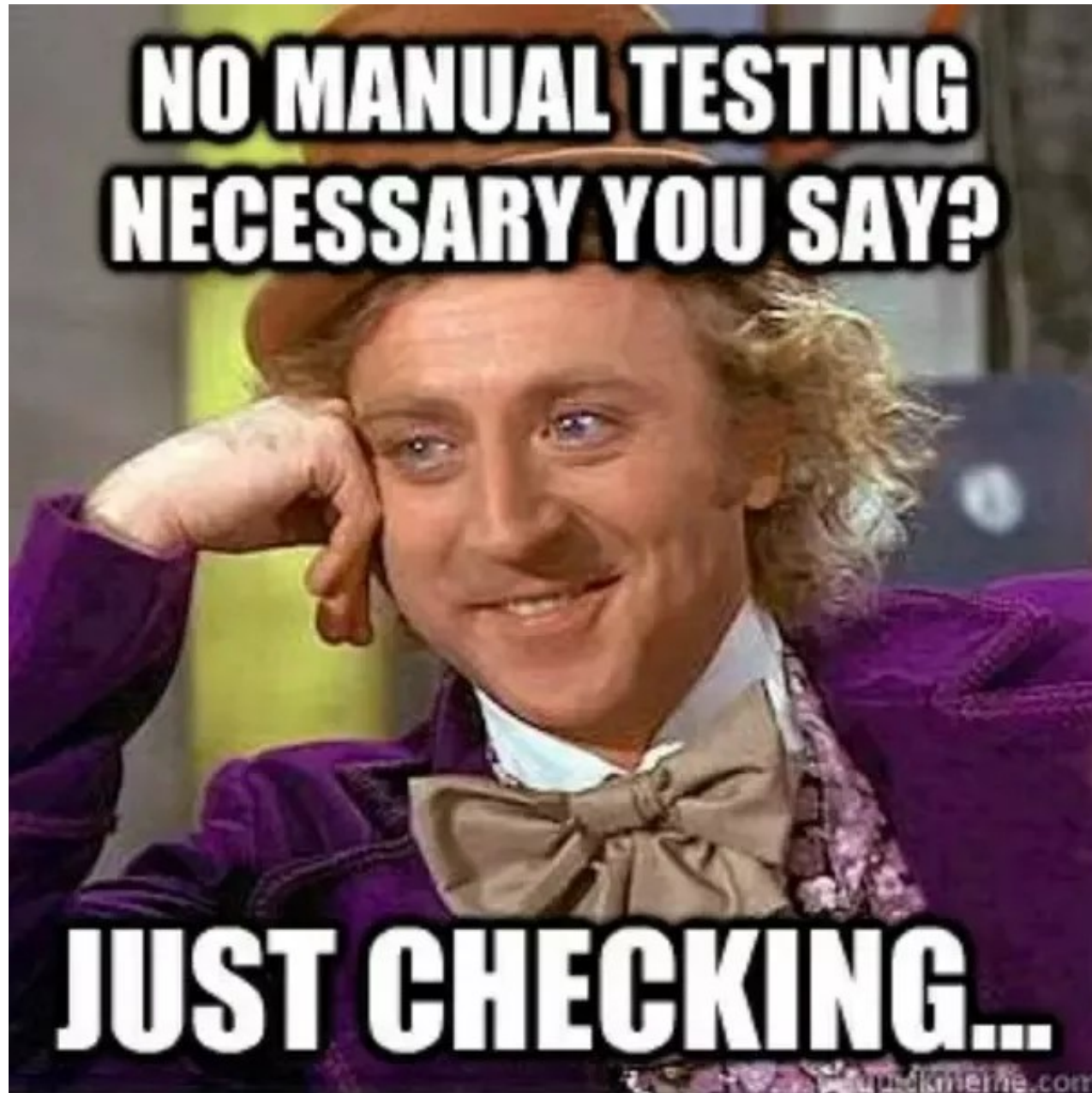
OK (skipped=1)
```

Automated testing of daemons...

- Use `dbus-run-session` to create a throwaway message bus.
- Use `umockdev` to simulate real hardware.
- Write tests in Python (test your bindings and/or D-Bus API for free!)

See Tracker's `tests/functional-tests` for a complex example.





The best way to deploy a test build?

Run from source tree

Install into /usr

Install into /opt
(jhbuild)

Use distro packaging
tools

Use BuildStream to
build a VM image



Run from the source tree

- Unlikely to work, but try it!
- Project can provide a helper script.

<https://gitlab.gnome.org/GNOME/tracker-miners/-/blob/master/run-uninstalled.in>



Install into /usr

- Fast, easy and simple
- It will break the host OS.



Install into /opt

- Fast, and safe-ish
- System integration won't work as normal.

```
export XDG_DATA_DIRS=/opt/tracker3/share:/usr/share  
dbus-run-session /opt/tracker3/bin/tracker3 search Foo
```

- jhbuild can help, but you might not need it.



Use distro packaging tools

- Reproducible and safe-ish
- Use PPA for Ubuntu, COPR for Fedora, ...
- Turnaround time is slow (at least a few minutes)



Use BuildStream



- Reproducible and safe
- You need a VM (bst shell isn't magic)
- Building and deploying VM update took me ~20 mins
- Work is ongoing to improve “GnomeOS” testing images (*see Valentin's talk*)

More details:

The best way to deploy a test build?

	Fast	Reproducible	No extra codepaths needed	No extra computer or VM needed
Run from source tree	✓	✓		✓
Install into /usr	✓		✓	
Install into /opt (jhbuild)	✓			✓
Use distro packaging tools		✓	✓	~
Use BuildStream to build a VM image		✓	✓	



In summary...

- Contributing to daemons shouldn't be scary.
 - *Do you maintain a daemon? Update the README :)*
- Automated testing is best
 - *If a service project doesn't have functional testing, look at how to add it!*
- Manual testing is often needed too.
 - *How can we make sure it's frictionless?*

